1. Identification

Product identifier: GREENLITE-45-L AL; GREENLITE-45-L AL PLUS

Other means of identification
- Brand Code: 5517, 5518

Recommended use: For Industrial Use Only

Recommended restrictions: Users should be informed of the potential presence of respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica as well as their potential hazards. Appropriate training in the proper use and handling of this material should be provided as required under applicable regulations.

Manufacturer/Supplier information
- Manufacturer: HarbisonWalker International
- Address: 1305 Cherrington Parkway, Suite 100, Moon Township, Pennsylvania 15108 US
- Telephone: General Phone: 412-375-6600
- Website: www.thinkHWI.com
- Emergency phone number: CHEMTREC 24 HOUR 1-800-424-9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards: Not classified.

Health hazards:
- Carcinogenicity: Category 1A
- Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure: Category 2

Environmental hazards: Not classified.

OSHA defined hazards: Not classified.

Label elements

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statement: May cause cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statement
- Prevention: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/mist. Do not breathe dust. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection.
- Response: If concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
- Storage: Store locked up.
- Disposal: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Users should be informed of the potential presence of respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica as well as their potential hazards. Overexposure to the respirable dust of crystalline silica (quartz or cristobalite, less than or equal to 5 microns in size) may lead to silicosis in humans, which is a progressive and irreversible lung disease. Appropriate training in the proper use and handling of this material should be provided as required under applicable regulations.
### Chemicals and Their CAS Numbers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Common name and synonyms</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cement, Alumina, Chemicals</td>
<td></td>
<td>65997-16-2</td>
<td>20 - 40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mullite</td>
<td></td>
<td>1302-93-8</td>
<td>10 - 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amorphous Silica</td>
<td>SILICA, AMORPHOUS, FUMED SILICA (CRYSTALLINE FREE)</td>
<td>7631-86-9</td>
<td>2.5 - 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barium Sulfate</td>
<td></td>
<td>7727-43-7</td>
<td>2.5 - 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cristobalite</td>
<td></td>
<td>14464-46-1</td>
<td>2.5 - 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz (SiO2)</td>
<td></td>
<td>14808-60-7</td>
<td>2.5 - 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fumes, Silica</td>
<td></td>
<td>69012-64-2</td>
<td>1 - 2.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TRADE SECRET*</td>
<td>Proprietary*</td>
<td></td>
<td>1 - 2.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aluminium Oxide (Non-Fibrous)</td>
<td></td>
<td>1344-28-1</td>
<td>0 - 0.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other components below reportable levels</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>20 - 40</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

### 4. First-aid measures

#### Ingestion
Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

#### Inhalation
Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

#### Skin contact
Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

#### Eye contact
Do not rub eyes. Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed
Dusts may irritate the respiratory tract, skin and eyes. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

#### General information
If concerned: Get medical advice. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media
Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media
Not available.

#### Specific hazards arising from the chemical
Not applicable.

#### Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters
Not available.

### 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe dust. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up
Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Collect dust using a vacuum cleaner equipped with HEPA filter.

Large Spills: Wet down with water and dike for later disposal. Shovel the material into waste container. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.

Environmental precautions
Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling
Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Do not breathe dust. Do not breathe dust. Avoid prolonged exposure. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Store locked up. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Barium Sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TRADE SECRET</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000)</td>
<td>Components</td>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amorphous Silica (CAS 7631-86-9)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.8 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.15 mg/m³</td>
<td>Total dust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total dust.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fumes, Silica (CAS 69012-64-2)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.8 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total dust.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>2.0 mppcf</td>
<td>Total dust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values</td>
<td>Components</td>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barium Sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Inhalable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.025 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mullite (CAS 1302-93-8)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1.0 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.025 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TRADE SECRET</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>2.5 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Amorphous Silica (CAS 7631-86-9)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>6 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barium Sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>3 fibers/cm³</td>
<td>Dust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fiber</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fiber, total</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fibers, total dust</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Biological limit values

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fumes, Silica (CAS 69012-64-2)</td>
<td>TWA 6 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)</td>
<td>TWA 0.05 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable dust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TRADE SECRET</td>
<td>TWA 2.5 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Biological limit values

#### ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Determinant</th>
<th>Specimen</th>
<th>Sampling Time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TRADE SECRET</td>
<td>3 mg/l</td>
<td>Fluoride</td>
<td>Urine</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2 mg/l</td>
<td>Fluoride</td>
<td>Urine</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

### Exposure guidelines

Occupational exposure to nuisance dust (total and respirable) and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.

### Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. If engineering measures are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of dust particulates below the Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL), suitable respiratory protection must be worn. If material is ground, cut, or used in any operation which may generate dusts, use appropriate local exhaust ventilation to keep exposures below the recommended exposure limits.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

#### Eye/face protection

Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge, full facepiece, dust and mist filter.

#### Skin protection

- **Hand protection**: Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.
- **Other**: Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

#### Respiratory protection

Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits.

#### Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

### General hygiene considerations

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

- **Physical state**: Solid.
- **Form**: Solid Powder.
- **Color**: Not available.
- **Odor**: Not available.
- **Odor threshold**: Not available.
- **pH**: Not available.
- **Melting point/freezing point**: Not available.
- **Initial boiling point and boiling range**: Not available.
- **Flash point**: Not available.
- **Evaporation rate**: Not available.
- **Flammability (solid, gas)**: Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flammability limit - lower (%)</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability limit - upper (%)</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosive limit - lower (%)</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosive limit - upper (%)</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Vapor pressure Not available.
Vapor density Not available.
Relative density Not available.
Solubility(ies)
- Solubility (water) Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature Not available.
Decomposition temperature Not available.
Viscosity Not available.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials Powerful oxidizers. Chlorine. Incompatibility is based strictly upon potential theoretical reactions between chemicals and may not be specific to industrial application exposure. Contact your sales representative for clarification.
Hazardous decomposition products No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. Dust may irritate respiratory system. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Dust or powder may irritate the skin.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eye contact</td>
<td>Dust may irritate the eyes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Dusts may irritate the respiratory tract, skin and eyes.

Information on toxicological effects

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute toxicity</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin corrosion/irritation</td>
<td>Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</td>
<td>Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Respiratory or skin sensitization
- Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.
- Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.
- Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.
Carcinogenicity

In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However in making the overall evaluation, IARC noted that "carcinogenicity was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied. Carcinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or on external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its polymorphs." (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicates dust and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.) In June 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits) concluded that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is silicosis. "There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis (and, apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore, preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk..." (SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final, June 2003) According to the current state of the art, worker protection against silicosis can be consistently assured by respecting the existing regulatory occupational exposure limits. May cause cancer. Occupational exposure to respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Amorphous Silica (CAS 7631-86-9)</td>
<td>3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)</td>
<td>1 Carcinogenic to humans.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fumes, Silica (CAS 69012-64-2)</td>
<td>3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)</td>
<td>1 Carcinogenic to humans.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TRADE SECRET (CAS Proprietary)</td>
<td>3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)</td>
<td>Known To Be Human Carcinogen.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)</td>
<td>Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity

This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Developmental effects

Quartz (SiO2) 0

Developmental effects - EU category

Quartz (SiO2) 0

Embryotoxicity

Quartz (SiO2) 0

Reproductivity

Quartz (SiO2) 0

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Persistence and degradability

No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

Mobility in soil

No data available.

Other adverse effects

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions

This product, in its present state, when discarded or disposed of, is not a hazardous waste according to Federal regulations (40 CFR 261.4 (b)(4)). Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine, at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste.

Hazardous waste code

Not applicable.
Waste from residues / unused products  Not available.
Contaminated packaging  Not available.

14. Transport information

DOT  
Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA  
Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG  
Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code  
Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations  
This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. One or more components are not listed on TSCA. All chemical substances in this product are listed on the TSCA chemical substance inventory where required.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)  
Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)  
Barium Sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7)  Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification  
Not regulated.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)  
Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)  
Hazard categories  
Immediate Hazard - No  
Delayed Hazard - Yes  
Fire Hazard - No  
Pressure Hazard - No  
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance  
Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical  
No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)  
Not regulated.

Other federal regulations  
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List  
Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)  
Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)  
Not regulated.

US state regulations  
US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)  
Not listed.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List  
Amorphous Silica (CAS 7631-86-9)  
Barium Sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7)  
Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)  
Fumes, Silica (CAS 69012-64-2)  
Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)
US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act
Amorphous Silica (CAS 7631-86-9)
Barium Sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7)
Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)
Fumes, Silica (CAS 69012-64-2)
Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)
TRADE SECRET (CAS Proprietary)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law
Amorphous Silica (CAS 7631-86-9)
Barium Sulfate (CAS 7727-43-7)
Cristobalite (CAS 14464-46-1)
Fumes, Silica (CAS 69012-64-2)
Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)
TRADE SECRET (CAS Proprietary)

US. Rhode Island RTK
Not regulated.

US. California Proposition 65
This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance
Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7) Listed: October 1, 1988
Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) Listed: September 2, 2011

International Inventories
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country(s) or region</th>
<th>Inventory name</th>
<th>On inventory (yes/no)*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Domestic Substances List (DSL)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>China</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Korea</td>
<td>Existing Chemicals List (ECL)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Zealand</td>
<td>New Zealand Inventory</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Philippines</td>
<td>Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United States &amp; Puerto Rico</td>
<td>Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*A “Yes” indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)
A “No” indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date: 05-18-2015
Revision date: 10-29-2015
Version #: 02

Disclaimer
This information is based on our present knowledge on creation date. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

Revision Information
This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.