1. Identification

Product identifier: BASIC 187 GM-93

Other means of identification

Brand Code: 815B

Recommended use: For Industrial Use Only

Recommended restrictions: Workers (and your customers or users in the case of resale) should be informed of the potential presence of respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica as well as their potential hazards. Appropriate training in the proper use and handling of this material should be provided as required under applicable regulations.

Manufacturer/Supplier information

Manufacturer: HarbisonWalker International

Address: 1305 Cherrington Parkway, Suite 100
Moon Township, Pennsylvania 15108 US

Telephone: General Phone: 412-375-6600

Website: www.thinkHWI.com

Emergency phone number: CHEMTREC 24 HOUR 1-800-424-9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards: Not classified.

Health hazards: Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1

Environmental hazards: Not classified.

OSHA defined hazards: Not classified.

Label elements

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statement: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary statement

Prevention: Do not breathe dust. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection.

Response: If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage: Store locked up.

Disposal: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC): None known.

Supplemental information: None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Common name and synonyms</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Magnesium Oxide</td>
<td></td>
<td>1309-48-4</td>
<td>80 - 90</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Chemical name | Common name and synonyms | CAS number | %
---|---|---|---
Silicon Dioxide | 7631-86-9 | 2.5 - 10
Sulphamic Acid | 5329-14-6 | 2.5 - 10
Calcium Oxide | 1305-78-8 | 1 - 2.5
Diron Trioxide | 1309-37-1 | 1 - 2.5
Aluminium Oxide (Non-Fibrous) | 1344-28-1 | 0.1 - 1
Other components below reportable levels | | | 1 - 2.5
*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

### 4. First-aid measures

**Inhalation**
Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

**Skin contact**
Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**Eye contact**
Do not rub eyes. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

**Ingestion**
Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

**Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**
Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Coughing.

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**
Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Chemical burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

**General information**
Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**
Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**
Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical**
During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

**Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters**
Material can be slippery when wet.

**Firefighting equipment/instructions**
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

**Specific methods**
Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

**General fire hazards**
No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

### 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**
Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Material can be slippery when wet. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe dust. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Collect dust using a vacuum cleaner equipped with HEPA filter.

Large Spills: Wet down with water and dike for later disposal. Shovel the material into waste container. Avoid the generation of dusts during clean-up. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Environmental precautions

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Do not breathe dust. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Calcium Oxide (CAS 1305-78-8)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>5 mg/m3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diiron Trioxide (CAS 1309-37-1)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>10 mg/m3</td>
<td>Fume.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magnesium Oxide (CAS 1309-48-4)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>15 mg/m3</td>
<td>Total particulate.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Silicon Dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9)</td>
<td>0.8 mg/m3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>20 mppcf</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Calcium Oxide (CAS 1305-78-8)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>2 mg/m3</td>
<td>Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diiron Trioxide (CAS 1309-37-1)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 mg/m3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magnesium Oxide (CAS 1309-48-4)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m3</td>
<td>Inhalable fraction.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Calcium Oxide (CAS 1305-78-8)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>2 mg/m3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diiron Trioxide (CAS 1309-37-1)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 mg/m3</td>
<td>Dust and fume.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silicon Dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>6 mg/m3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. If engineering measures are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of dust particulates below the Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL), suitable respiratory protection must be worn. If material is ground, cut, or used in any operation which may generate dusts, use appropriate local exhaust ventilation to keep exposures below the recommended exposure limits. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye/face protection**
Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield.

**Skin protection**
**Hand protection**
Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

**Other**
Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

**Respiratory protection**
Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits.

**Thermal hazards**
Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

**General hygiene considerations**
Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. **Physical and chemical properties**

**Appearance**
- **Physical state**
  Solid.
- **Form**
  Solid Powder.
- **Color**
  Not available.
- **Odor**
  Not available.
- **Odor threshold**
  Not available.
- **pH**
  Not available.
- **Melting point/freezing point**
  Not available.
- **Initial boiling point and boiling range**
  Not available.
- **Flash point**
  Not available.
- **Evaporation rate**
  Not available.
- **Flammability (solid, gas)**
  Not available.

**Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits**
- **Flammability limit - lower (%)**
  Not available.
- **Flammability limit - upper (%)**
  Not available.
- **Explosive limit - lower (%)**
  Not available.
- **Explosive limit - upper (%)**
  Not available.
- **Vapor pressure**
  Not available.
- **Vapor density**
  Not available.
- **Relative density**
  Not available.
- **Solubility(ies)**
  - **Solubility (water)**
    Not available.
- **Partition coefficient**
  (n-octanol/water)
  Not available.
- **Auto-ignition temperature**
  Not available.
- **Decomposition temperature**
  Not available.
- **Viscosity**
  Not available.

10. **Stability and reactivity**

**Reactivity**
The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

**Chemical stability**
Material is stable under normal conditions.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions**
No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

**Conditions to avoid**
Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials: Phosphorus, Chlorine. Incompatibility is based strictly upon potential theoretical reactions between chemicals and may not be specific to industrial application exposure. Contact your sales representative for clarification.

Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure:

**Inhalation**
- Dust may irritate respiratory system. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

**Skin contact**
- Causes severe skin burns.

**Eye contact**
- Causes serious eye damage.

**Ingestion**
- Causes digestive tract burns.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics:
- Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage. Causes serious eye damage. Dusts may irritate the respiratory tract, skin and eyes. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Coughing.

Information on toxicological effects:

**Acute toxicity**
- Not available.

**Skin corrosion/irritation**
- Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
- Causes serious eye damage.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization**

**Respiratory sensitization**
- Not a respiratory sensitizer.

**Skin sensitization**
- This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

**Germ cell mutagenicity**
- No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

**Carcinogenicity**
- In June 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits) concluded that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is silicosis. "There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis (and, apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore, preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk..." (SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final, June 2003) According to the current state of the art, worker protection against silicosis can be consistently assured by respecting the existing regulatory occupational exposure limits. Occupational exposure to respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.

**IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity**

- Diiron Trioxide (CAS 1309-37-1) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
- Silicon Dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

- Not listed.

**Reproductive toxicity**
- This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

**Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure**
- Not classified.

**Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure**
- Not classified.

**Aspiration hazard**
- Not an aspiration hazard.

**Chronic effects**
- Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity**
- The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

**Persistence and degradability**
- No data is available on the degradability of this product.

**Bioaccumulative potential**
- No data available.

**Mobility in soil**
- No data available.

**Other adverse effects**
- No other adverse environmental effects (e.g., ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.
13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All chemical substances in this product are listed on the TSCA chemical substance inventory where required.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D) Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4) Not listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification Not regulated.


Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes
Delayed Hazard - No
Fire Hazard - No
Pressure Hazard - No
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting) Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130) Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.
US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)
Not listed.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List
Calcium Oxide (CAS 1305-78-8)
Diiron Trioxide (CAS 1309-37-1)
Magnesium Oxide (CAS 1309-48-4)
Silicon Dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act
Calcium Oxide (CAS 1305-78-8)
Diiron Trioxide (CAS 1309-37-1)
Magnesium Oxide (CAS 1309-48-4)
Silicon Dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law
Calcium Oxide (CAS 1305-78-8)
Diiron Trioxide (CAS 1309-37-1)
Magnesium Oxide (CAS 1309-48-4)
Silicon Dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9)

US. Rhode Island RTK
Not regulated.

US. California Proposition 65
WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance
Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7) Listed: October 1, 1988

International Inventories

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country(s) or region</th>
<th>Inventory name</th>
<th>On inventory (yes/no)*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Domestic Substances List (DSL)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSSL)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>China</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Korea</td>
<td>Existing Chemicals List (ECL)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Zealand</td>
<td>New Zealand Inventory</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Philippines</td>
<td>Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United States &amp; Puerto Rico</td>
<td>Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*A “Yes” indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date          03-24-2015
Version #           01
Disclaimer           HarbisonWalker International cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user’s responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.

Revision Information
Toxicological Information: Toxicological Data
Ecological Information: Ecotoxicity