1. Identification

Product identifier: COMANCHE C90G10

Other means of identification

Brand Code: 8423

Recommended use: Not available.

Recommended restrictions: Users should be informed of the potential presence of respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica as well as their potential hazards. Appropriate training in the proper use and handling of this material should be provided as required under applicable regulations.

Manufacturer/Supplier information

Manufacturer

Company name: HarbisonWalker International
Address: 1305 Cherrington Parkway, Suite 100
Moon Township, Pennsylvania 15108 US
Telephone: General Phone: 412-375-6600
Website: www.thinkHWI.com
Emergency phone number: CHEMTREC 24 HOUR 1-800-424-9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classified hazards

This item is defined as an article per OSHA (29 CFR 1910.1200) and REACH and is therefore exempt from labeling. A Safety Data Sheet is available.

This item is not Classified as hazardous. However, individual customer processes (such as grinding, sawing, or blasting) may result in the formation of dust that may present health hazards. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection.

Label elements

This item is defined as an article per OSHA (29 CFR 1910.1200) and REACH and is therefore exempt from labeling. A Safety Data Sheet is available.

This item is not Classified as hazardous. However, individual customer processes (such as grinding, sawing, or blasting) may result in the formation of dust that may present health hazards. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

This item is defined as an article per OSHA (29 CFR 1910.1200) and REACH and is therefore exempt from labeling. A Safety Data Sheet is available.

This item is not Classified as hazardous. However, individual customer processes (such as grinding, sawing, or blasting) may result in the formation of dust that may present health hazards. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Common name and synonyms</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aluminium Oxide (Non-Fibrous)</td>
<td></td>
<td>1344-28-1</td>
<td>60 - 80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aluminium</td>
<td></td>
<td>7429-90-5</td>
<td>2.5 - 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graphite</td>
<td></td>
<td>7782-42-5</td>
<td>2.5 - 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kyanite</td>
<td></td>
<td>1302-76-7</td>
<td>2.5 - 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon Black</td>
<td></td>
<td>1333-86-4</td>
<td>1 - 2.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silicon</td>
<td></td>
<td>7440-21-3</td>
<td>1 - 2.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium Dioxide</td>
<td></td>
<td>13463-67-7</td>
<td>1 - 2.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phenol</td>
<td></td>
<td>108-95-2</td>
<td>0.1 - 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz (SiO2)</td>
<td></td>
<td>14808-60-7</td>
<td>0.1 - 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethane-1,2-diol</td>
<td></td>
<td>107-21-1</td>
<td>0 - 0.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 4. First-aid measures

**Inhalation**
Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

**Skin contact**
Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash off with soap and water. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**Eye contact**
Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

**Ingestion**
Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.

**Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**
Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**
Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

**General information**
Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. If concerned: Get medical advice. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**
Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**
Not available.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical**
Not applicable.

**Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters**
Not available.

### 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**
Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**
Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

**Environmental precautions**
Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

### 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe handling**
Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep formation of airborne dusts to a minimum. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Do not breathe dust. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**
Store locked up. Store in original tightly closed container. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).
8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aluminium (CAS 7429-90-5)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>5 mg/m³ Respirable dust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>15 mg/m³ Total dust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aluminium Oxide (Non-Fibrous) (CAS 1344-28-1)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>5 mg/m³ Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>15 mg/m³ Total dust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>3.5 mg/m³ Total dust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graphite (CAS 7782-42-5)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>3.5 mg/m³ Total dust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5 mg/m³ Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silicon (CAS 7440-21-3)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>5 mg/m³ Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>15 mg/m³ Total dust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>15 mg/m³ Total dust.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For the US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Graphite (CAS 7782-42-5)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>15 mppcf Respirable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.3 mg/m³ Total dust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.1 mg/m³ Respirable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2.4 mppcf Respirable.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For the US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aluminium (CAS 7429-90-5)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1 mg/m³ Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aluminium Oxide (Non-Fibrous) (CAS 1344-28-1)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1 mg/m³ Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>3 mg/m³ Inhalable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graphite (CAS 7782-42-5)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>2 mg/m³ Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kyanite (CAS 1302-76-7)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1 mg/m³ Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.025 mg/m³ Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For the US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aluminium (CAS 7429-90-5)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 mg/m³ Welding fume or pyrophoric powder.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5 mg/m³ Respirable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>10 mg/m³ Total.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.1 mg/m³ Respirable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graphite (CAS 7782-42-5)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>2.5 mg/m³ Respirable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.05 mg/m³ Respirable dust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silicon (CAS 7440-21-3)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 mg/m³ Respirable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>10 mg/m³ Total.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Exposure guidelines

Occupational exposure to nuisance dust (total and respirable) and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled. The resin binder in this product was specifically engineered to have low toxicity, with minimal free-phenol (less than 100ppm in this refractory product) and no free-formaldehyde. Under certain conditions, thermal decomposition products may still include carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, formaldehyde, phenol and aromatic and/or aliphatic compounds.
### Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

#### Eye/face protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

#### Skin protection

- **Hand protection**: Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.
- **Other**: Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

#### Respiratory protection

Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits.

#### Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

### General hygiene considerations

Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

- **Physical state**: Solid.
- **Form**: Brick or Cast Shape
- **Color**: Not available.
- **Odor**: Not available.
- **Odor threshold**: Not available.
- **pH**: Not available.
- **Melting point/freezing point**: Not available.
- **Initial boiling point and boiling range**: Not available.
- **Flash point**: Not available.
- **Evaporation rate**: Not available.
- **Flammability (solid, gas)**: Not available.

#### Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

- **Flammability limit - lower (%)**: Not available.
- **Flammability limit - upper (%)**: Not available.
- **Explosive limit - lower (%)**: Not available.
- **Explosive limit - upper (%)**: Not available.

#### Vapor pressure

Not available.

#### Vapor density

Not available.

#### Relative density

Not available.

#### Solubility(ies)

- **Solubility (water)**: Not available.

#### Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Not available.

#### Auto-ignition temperature

Not available.

#### Decomposition temperature

Not available.

#### Viscosity

Not available.
## 10. Stability and reactivity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reactivity</th>
<th>The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chemical stability</td>
<td>Material is stable under normal conditions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Possibility of hazardous reactions</td>
<td>No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conditions to avoid</td>
<td>Contact with incompatible materials. Refractories containing crystalline silica may, after service, contain more or less crystalline silica. Care must be taken to avoid and/or control dust from demolition. If in doubt of the proper protection, seek advice from a safety professional. The organic binder in this product falls into a class known as phenolic resin. Refractory products using this type of binder are supplied in two forms, (1) shaped products such as brick and (2) monolithics such as refractory plastics and rams. The hazards associated with phenolic resin are different in the two forms. For pre-cured shapes (brick), the binder has been reacted or polymerized by heat to its solid form prior to shipment. On decomposition by heating, where there is sufficient air and heating rate, the gaseous products are mostly carbon dioxide and water. Under low or limited oxygen supply, decomposition products during heat-up and early service may include phenol, as well as aromatic and/or aliphatic derivatives. After a campaign in service, this refractory product should be completely coked and in that condition the material for disposal would be carbon and an inorganic oxide. During field installation of non-cured unshaped products (monolithics), there is a possibility of exposure to trace amounts of phenol by skin contact and inhalation. After the product has been heated to high temperatures in service, it will have similar decomposition characteristics to pre-cured shapes.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Incompatible materials
- Acids
- Chlorine

Incompatibility is based strictly upon potential theoretical reactions between chemicals and may not be specific to industrial application exposure. Contact your sales representative for clarification.

### Hazardous decomposition products
- No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>Effects</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Toxic in contact with skin.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eye contact</td>
<td>Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>Toxic if swallowed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
- Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

### Information on toxicological effects

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Effects</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute toxicity</td>
<td>Toxic in contact with skin. Toxic if swallowed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin corrosion/irritation</td>
<td>Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</td>
<td>Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Effects</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Respiratory sensitization</td>
<td>Not a respiratory sensitizer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin sensitization</td>
<td>This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Germ cell mutagenicity
- No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.
Carcinogenicity

In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However, in making the overall evaluation, IARC noted that "carcinogenicity was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied. Carcinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or on external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its polymorphs." (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicates dust and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.) In June 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits) concluded that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is silicosis. "There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis (and, apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore, preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk..." (SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final, June 2003) According to the current state of the art, worker protection against silicosis can be consistently assured by respecting the existing regulatory occupational exposure limits. May cause cancer. Occupational exposure to respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Material</th>
<th>Classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)</td>
<td>2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)</td>
<td>1 Carcinogenic to humans.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)</td>
<td>2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity

This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

- **Developmental effects**
  - Quartz (SiO2) 0
- **Developmental effects - EU category**
  - Quartz (SiO2) 0
- **Embryotoxicity**
  - Quartz (SiO2) 0
- **Reproductivity**
  - Quartz (SiO2) 0

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Not classified.

Aspiration hazard: Not likely, due to the form of the product.

Chronic effects: Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity: The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Persistence and degradability: No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available.

Mobility in soil: No data available.

Other adverse effects: No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions: This product, in its present state, when discarded or disposed of, is not a hazardous waste according to Federal regulations (40 CFR 261.4 (b)(4)). Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine, at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste.

Hazardous waste code: Since this product is used in several industries, no Waste Code can be provided by the supplier. The Waste Code should be determined in arrangement with your waste disposal partner or the responsible authority.

Waste from residues / unused products: Not available.

Contaminated packaging: Not available.
14. Transport information

DOT
Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA
Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG
Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not established.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations
This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
One or more components are not listed on TSCA.
All chemical substances in this product are listed on the TSCA chemical substance inventory where required.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)
Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)
Not listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification
Not regulated.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)
Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories
Immediate Hazard - Yes
Delayed Hazard - Yes
Fire Hazard - No
Pressure Hazard - No
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance
Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical
No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>% by wt.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aluminium Oxide (Non-Fibrous)</td>
<td>1344-28-1</td>
<td>60 - 80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aluminium</td>
<td>7429-90-5</td>
<td>2.5 - 10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List
Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)
Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)
Not regulated.

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)
Not listed.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aluminium</td>
<td>CAS 7429-90-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aluminium Oxide (Non-Fibrous)</td>
<td>CAS 1344-28-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon Black</td>
<td>CAS 1333-86-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graphite</td>
<td>CAS 7782-42-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz (SiO2)</td>
<td>CAS 14808-60-7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silicon</td>
<td>CAS 7440-21-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium Dioxide</td>
<td>CAS 13463-67-7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act
- Aluminium (CAS 7429-90-5)
- Aluminium Oxide (Non-Fibrous) (CAS 1344-28-1)
- Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)
- Graphite (CAS 7782-42-5)
- Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)
- Silicon (CAS 7440-21-3)
- Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law
- Aluminium (CAS 7429-90-5)
- Aluminium Oxide (Non-Fibrous) (CAS 1344-28-1)
- Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)
- Graphite (CAS 7782-42-5)
- Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)
- Silicon (CAS 7440-21-3)
- Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK
- Aluminium (CAS 7429-90-5)
- Aluminium Oxide (Non-Fibrous) (CAS 1344-28-1)

US. California Proposition 65
This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance
- Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4) Listed: February 21, 2003
- Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0) Listed: January 1, 1988
- Quartz (SiO2) (CAS 14808-60-7) Listed: October 1, 1988
- Titanium Dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) Listed: September 2, 2011

International Inventories

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country(s) or region</th>
<th>Inventory name</th>
<th>On inventory (yes/no)*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Domestic Substances List (DSL)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>China</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Korea</td>
<td>Existing Chemicals List (ECL)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Zealand</td>
<td>New Zealand Inventory</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Philippines</td>
<td>Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United States &amp; Puerto Rico</td>
<td>Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*“Yes” indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)
A “No” indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date: 12-09-2015
Version #: 01
Disclaimer: This information is based on our present knowledge on creation date. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.